

**ZMATH 2010e.00418**

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**Self-similar values of quadratic forms: A remark on pattern and duality.**

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Summary: Our text is Hendrik Lenstra's nice observation that  $12^2 + 33^2 = 1233$ . One notices readily that such a cute decomposition of  $10^k a + b$  as a sum of two squares  $a^2 + b^2$  is no more than rewriting the sum of squares  $10^{2k} + 1$  as a different sum  $(10^k - 2a)^2 + (2b - 1)$ . But that does not hint at more radical generalization. We show here that much the same can be told with the sum of squares  $x^2 + y^2$  replaced by an arbitrary quadratic form  $f(x, y) = ux^2 + vxy + wy^2$ , where  $u, v$ , and  $w$  are integers; and the cute representations now are of the shape  $10^k a + b = f(a, b)$ .

*Classification:* F60